

The Serbian Society for Ceramic Materials  
Institute for Multidisciplinary Research (IMSI), University of Belgrade  
Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade  
Center of Excellence for the Synthesis, Processing and Characterization of  
Materials for use in Extreme Conditions "CEXTREME LAB" - Institute of  
Nuclear Sciences "Vinča", University of Belgrade  
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, University of Belgrade  
Center for Green Technologies, Institute for Multidisciplinary Research,  
University of Belgrade  
Faculty of Technology and Metallurgy, University of Belgrade  
Faculty of Technology, University of Novi Sad

A microscopic image of ceramic particles, showing a transition from white to red. The particles are spherical and densely packed. The top half is white, and the bottom half is red, with a horizontal boundary between them.

# PROGRAMME and the BOOK of ABSTRACTS

## 5CSCS-2019

5<sup>th</sup> Conference of  
the Serbian Society for Ceramic Materials  
June 11-13.2019. Belgrade Serbia

Edited by:  
**Branko Matović**  
**Zorica Branković**  
**Aleksandra Dapčević**  
**Vladimir V. Srdić**

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**SPECIAL THANKS TO**



Република Србија  
МИНИСТАРСТВО ПРОСВЕТЕ,  
НАУКЕ И ТЕХНОЛОШКОГ РАЗВОЈА



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doctor blade technique, and their sensing properties were tested in wide range of temperatures (25, 50, 75 °C) and relative humidities (40–90%), resulting with strong response and promising response/recovery times.

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## CHEMICAL STABILITY OF DOPED $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> AS AN ELECTROLYTE FOR SOLID OXIDE FUEL CELLS

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The high temperature phase of bismuth oxide ( $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) is a promising material for application as an electrolyte for solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs), due to its high oxygen ion conductivity. Doping with rare earth cations stabilizes  $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> phase down to room temperature. According to literature [1], the ionic conductivity of such  $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> is not significantly decreased even at 600 °C. This opens the possibility to lower SOFC operating temperature from 1000 °C to intermediate temperatures. The main drawbacks of this material are the instability in reducing atmosphere and reactivity toward electrode materials. Bismuth ruthenate (Bi<sub>2</sub>Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>) was chosen as a potential electrode material because of its chemical stability, compatibility with  $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and metal-like electronic conductivity.

Stoichiometric mixtures of Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with Tm<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> or Lu<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> were dry homogenized and heat treated at 750 °C for 3 h in order to obtain  $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with following compositions: (Bi<sub>0.8</sub>Tm<sub>0.2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and (Bi<sub>0.75</sub>Lu<sub>0.25</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, respectively. Bi<sub>2</sub>Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> was synthesized similarly, i.e. homogenized mixture of Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and RuO<sub>2</sub>·xH<sub>2</sub>O was heated at 900 °C for 3 h. The obtained powders were pressed into disc-shaped pellets and sintered at 920 °C in case of  $\delta$ -Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and 880 °C in case of Bi<sub>2</sub>Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>. Chemical stability of these materials was investigated by exposing the pellets to the hydrogen and butane atmospheres. Compatibility of electrode and electrolyte materials was tested by heating a homogenized mixture of Bi<sub>2</sub>Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> and (Bi<sub>0.8</sub>Tm<sub>0.2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (mass ratio 50:50) at 600 °C. Moreover, a mixture of (Bi<sub>0.75</sub>Lu<sub>0.25</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Bi<sub>2</sub>Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (mass ratio 30:70) was pressed into pellet, sintered at 880 °C, and exposed to hydrogen atmosphere in order to evaluate chemical stability of the mixture under reducing conditions. Both electrolyte- and electrode-supported configurations were considered with the aim to form a functional fuel cell.

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